

Japanese Nuclear Incident – Radiation Data Measured in North Carolina

Summary of May 18, 2011:

Since the date of the last data summary released on 5/11/11, no radioactivity was detected in any of the samples analyzed. Since May 11, 34 samples of all media types have been analyzed. In this total population of samples analyzed, only naturally occurring isotopes were detected. Please see below for further discussion of data for samples analyzed between 5/11/11 – 5/18/11.

Overview of increased monitoring: As a result of this event, the Radiation Protection Section (RPS) increased both the frequency and amount of samples it collects. No changes have been made to the enhanced sample plan since 4/27/11. This augmented environmental sampling program is outlined below.

- Air Particulate – Continuous monitoring, collected weekly or daily, depending on location and sampling method.
- Air Radioiodine – Continuous monitoring with sample media specifically engineered to detect airborne radioactive isotopes of iodine, such as Iodine-131 (I-131). These samples are collected weekly.
- Milk – weekly sampling from both large milk processors and small dairies. Samples are collected statewide for Radiation Protection by the Dairy Protection Branch, Division of Environmental Health. Samples are also collected at dairies on a monthly basis within the nuclear power plants' Emergency Planning Zones.
- Surface Water – Both continuous and grab samples are being collected statewide and around nuclear power plants. Surface water samples are collected at least weekly.
- Drinking Water – Multiple drinking water samples from public water supplies statewide are being collected at least weekly.
- Precipitation – Multiple collections at least weekly depending on rain events at the collection sites.
- Vegetation – Multiple terrestrial vegetation samples from locations statewide are being collected at least weekly. Terrestrial vegetation is defined as any vegetation that might be eaten by livestock.
- Sewage Effluent – Sewage effluent samples from treatment plants are being collected at least every two weeks.
- Shellfish – Shellfish samples are collected every other week.

Please note that this is an ongoing response and is subject to change at any time as the state transitions from an emergency-phase response to a recovery- phase response to this event.

Summary of results to date (5/18/2011): Since the last data summary provided on 5/11/11, only naturally occurring radioisotopes have been detected.

In the 4/27/11 data summary, it was stated that a few positive samples have exceeded investigation levels set by RPS. These samples have been sent to an independent lab for Strontium-89 and Strontium-90 analysis, and RPS is currently awaiting the analysis results. Strontium analyses take approximately one month for the independent lab to complete. RPS anticipates strontium analysis results before the

end of May. The amount of Strontium in a sample is important to know because Strontium accumulates in the bones and has a long half life (28.8 years for Sr-90).

Since the 5/11/11, 33 samples have been analyzed: 16 air samples, 8 milk samples, 5 surface water samples, and 4 finished water sample. Only naturally occurring radioactivity was detected. This decrease in radioactivity in samples analyzed since 5/11/11 is indicative of a continuing decreasing trend. This downward trend corresponds to the cessation of significant airborne releases of radioactive material from the Fukushima Daiichi reactor.

List of Counties where the RPS collects samples as part of its monitoring program:

1. Chatham
2. Wake
3. Lincoln
4. Harnett
5. Mecklenburg
6. Brunswick
7. New Hanover
8. Burke
9. Currituck
10. Albemarle
11. Buncombe
12. Craven
13. Davison
14. Macon
15. Orange
16. Sampson
17. Durham
18. Forsyth
19. Johnston
20. Montgomery
21. Pitt
22. Halifax
23. Carteret

Anticipated Health Effects of Exposure to Detected Radiation Levels from the Japan Incident:

None. No adverse health effects are expected due to radioactivity found in the environment from the failure of the Fukushima Daiichi reactors in Japan. Only trace levels of radioactivity have been detected to date in samples collected in North Carolina. RPS will continue to monitor and report sample results via the Internet for the duration of this event.